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## Eiom MONTANA LABOR MARKETILL20 188

Monthly Review of EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK, LABOR SUPPLY, LABOR DEMAND, CURRENT EMPLOYMENT

MONTANA STATE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

Division of Unemployment Compensation Commission of Montana

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FL. 276

ARTCRAFT PRINTERS BOZEMAN, MONTANA

**APRIL**, 1967

# Non-Farm Jobs At Record Despite Weather Slowdown

Non-Farm Jobs Up 3,900 from Last March — Bad weather played the villain on the March employment scene in Montana. Employment dipped 100 from the February figure to a March total of 178, 100. This contrasts with an employment gain of 1,600 between these two months in 1966 and indicates clearly the influence of weather conditions on the Montana economy. Employment trends in construction, oil fields, logging, agriculture, and other outdoor endeavors were held in suspense during periods of bad weather in March. Comparison with the March non-farm job total last year reveals an increase of 3,900 wage earners on March 1967 industrial payrolls. Non-farm employment for the first three months of this year has exceeded comparable months of all past years pointing to an-

other record job year in Montana.

Over-the-Month Gains in Three Industries — Three of eight of the major industries posted employment gains from February to March this year. Payrolls of trade industry employers were 400 heavier during March with a gain of 500 in retail trade firms overshadowing a drop of 100 in wholesale outlets. Service industrial trade firms overshadowing a drop of 100 in wholesale outlets. try employment was up 300 with the bulk of this gain in hotel and motel operations. An advance of 100 workers in railroad employment accounted for all of the increment in the transportation, utilities and communications group. In-

dustries showing fewer workers in March were led by manufacturing which slipped 600, a normal occurrence at this time of the year with the end of sugar beet refining activities in the state. All of the deficit in manufacturing was in food pro-cessing. Construction contractors listed 200 fewer workers on March payrolls than in February. Mining employment was down 100 with all of the loss in petroleum and natural gas production as bad weather held field work at a minimum. March payrolls of government agencies, at 49,400; and finance, insurance and real estate firms, at 7,200, did not change from the February totals.

Government and Manufacturing Head

Changes from Last Year — With 1,900 more workers on federal government payrolls and 1,600 more at state and local units, government employment increased by 3,500 from March, 1966. The March 1967 total was 49,400 workers. Increased production activity at lumber mills, smelters, and fabricated metal, stone, and clay firms is evident in a manufacturing job total 1,600 higher this March than last. Lumber mill employment was up 500; smelting, up 600; and other manufacturing, up 400. Trade employment was 400 higher this March, with retail and wholesale units sharing equal gains. Low-er employment levels this March from the same month a year ago are reflected in construction, down 1,000; mining, down

500; and transportation, communications and utilities, down 300. Employment in service industries, at 25,800, did not change from last March.

Job Placements Change from Year Ago

Figures — Reflecting the adverse pressure of bad weather, especially in outdoor industries, industrial job placement figures, the cumulative total from the states 23 local employment offices, shows a 24 per cent drop from March 1966. A more moderate 5.7 per cent loss in farm job placement figures is reported from a year ago. Employers listed 2,489 industrial job openings this March compared with 2,968 a year ago. A total of 15 149 with 2,968 a year ago. A total of 15,149 active jobseekers was registered for employment with local employment of-

fices this March against the March 1966 figure of 16,489.

Youth Opportunity Campaign Underway — Thousands of high school and college youth will soon be out of school and anxious for summer employment. The Montana State Employment Service and its network of 23 local offices are cooperating with national efforts to find as many summer jobs and opportunities as possible for thost young people who most need help. Employers are encouraged to list their summer job openings with these offices. Young workers desiring job placement assistance should contact the nearest state employment service

office.

### LABOR TURNOVER RATES IN MANUFACTURING AND MINING INDUSTRIES

(per 100 employees)

(Compiled in cooperation with U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

		ACC	ESSI	ON RA	TE		SEPARATION RATE								
INDUSTRY	Total			New Hire			Total			Quit			Layoff		
	Feb. 1967	Jan. 1967	Feb. 1966	Feb. 1967	Jan. 1967	Feb. 1966	Feb. 1967	Jan. 1967	Feb. 1966	Feb. 1967	Jan. 1967	Feb. 1966	Feb. 1967	Jan. 1967	Feb. 1966
All Manufacturing  Durable Goods  Primary Metal  Nondurable Goods	3.7 4.4 4.8 2.3	4.2 4.9 4.9 2.1	3.4 3.3 2.7 3.7	3.0 3.3 4.3 2.3	3.9 4.5 4.2 2.0	2.7 2.7 2.0 3.0	3.2 3.7 3.1 2.1	3.8 4.4 4.7 2.5	3.2 3.5 3.3 2.6	1.7 2.1 1.6 .7	1.9 2.1 2.2 1.5	1.7 2.0 1.6 1.2	.7 .6 *	.6 .6 *	.6 .4 *
All Mining	4.0 5.3	6.6 7.5	6.8 8.6	1.9 2.1	3.8 3.5	3.2 3.5	5.2 5.2	11.5 6.3	5.7 4.4	2.0 2.4	2.1 2.2	2.6 2.6	.9 .1	6.5 .5	1.6

Feb. 67 Mar. 66

### Along the Hiring Line— Field Summary for March

ANACONDA, Deer Lodge, Philipsburg — An improving spring employment picture brings good job increases in metal and lumber manufacturing industries. Shortages of experienced workers existed in both. Outdoor construction increased with milder weather. Mining operations in the Philipsburg area temporarily curtailed until exploration work completed.

BILLINGS, Columbus, Hardin, Laurel, Red Lodge, Roundup — Construction took a big step forward during the month. Work is now progressing on \$6 million in new commercial and nidustrial building projects. New starts in home building still on the slow side. Construction of Yellowtail Dam Visitors' Center employs 15 men. Hiring up in all industries over last year with exception of finance, insurance and real estate firms. There was brisk demand for farm and ranch workers with worker shortages expected later.

BOZEMAN, Ennis, Three Forks, Trident — Most industries geared for good hiring trends during the summer months. Good schedule of new construction including \$540,000 addition to telephone company building, college housing, and interstate highway work. Home building down 50% from last year. Sawmills at peak operations with some on two shifts; logging has yet to recover from effects of spring break-up conditions. Farm labor demand continues upward.

BUTTE, Virginia City, Whitehall — Good seasonal trends evident in most industry groups. Shortages of workers for metal mining continues. Miners, student miners, machinists and boilermakers on the demand list. Construction, trade, and service industry payrolls edging upward. Farm labor demand shows good seasonal upturn.

CUT BANK — Outdoor work in construction, oil fields, and agriculture practically stood still during March because of adverse weather conditions. Future trends, however, point to a good spring and summer employment situation. Jobless pay claims show but slight decline from year ago.

DILLON — Agriculture was at the head of the hiring line with 82 workers placed during the month. Livestock care and feeding comprised main activities,

### MONTANA CIVILIAN WORK FORCE

(In Thousands)

				10	to
	Mar. 67	Feb. 67	Mar. 66	Mar. 67	Mar. 67
Civilian Work Force	252.3	248.9	254.2	3.4	1.9
Total Employment	237.0	233.4	237.7	3.6	0.7
Total Non-Agricultural					
Employment	205.8	205.9	203.5	0.1	2.3
(Non-agricultural					
Wage & Salary)	178.1	178.2	174.2	0.1	3.9
Total Agricultural Employment	31.2	27.5	34.2	3.7	-3.0
Labor Management Disputes	. *	*	.1	0.0	0.1
Total Unemployment		15.5	16.4	0.2	-1.1
Percent Unemployment	6.1	6.2	6.5		
U. S. Unemployment Rate		4.2	4.0		
* Less than 50					

with shortages of workers for lambing and calving. Upcoming construction includes 5 new school buildings and 5½ miles of interstate highway. New supermarket should be ready for May 1 opening.

GLASGOW, Fort Peck, Malta, Opheim — Outdoor work cut sharply by bad weather and road conditions. Main street business volume suffered by restricted travel conditions. Auto dealers, trade and service firms felt absence of substantial numbers of military personnel from air base facilities. Farm worker demand exceeded available supply of workers.

GLENDIVE, Circle Wibaux — Hiring trends in most industries at low ebb with bad weather chiefly to blame. Construction of river bridge slowed as equipment could not be moved because of muddy roads and cement could not be poured. Limited hiring noted in oil field companies and food industry groups. Sheep shearing and livestock feeding main farm work.

GREAT FALLS, Choteau, Fort Benton, Stanford — Changing weather conditions had control of construction and other outdoor activity during the month. Payrolls were up one week and down the next. Demand for smelter workers continues on weekly basis. Labor turnover in most industries below last year. Farm field work delayed by weather but 119 workers placed in other farm activities.

HAMILTON, Stevensville — Employment cutbacks in logging accounted for much of the new unemployment during March. Most mills kept on fairly steady work schedules. Wet weather delayed farm field work and kept hiring at bare minimum. Trade and service at seasonal lows.

HAVRE, Chinook, Harlem — Good industrial employment prospects predicted as soon as weather clears. Commercial and educational building projects totaling \$1.3 million will employ about 100 men when in full force. Steady hiring trends noted in railroads. Hiring in trade, service, and agriculture will advance rapidly with start of summer season.

HELENA, Boulder, Garrison, Townsend, White Sulphur Springs — Disappointing economic trends have covered most industry groups the past two months. Labor demand has been slow in all industries including construction and trade firms. Some demand existed for clerical workers. Farm labor demand fairly good and rising steadily.

KALISPELL, Columbia Falls, White-fish — Sharp upswing in construction activity overshadowed temporary decline of 350 in logging employment because of spring break-up conditions. Columbia Falls aluminum plant expansion project employment near the 700 mark. New starts in home building and commercial structures adds to good construction agenda. Active hiring noted in lumber and plywood mills.

LEWISTOWN, Harlowton, Ryegate, Winnett — Industry hiring down from last month and last year. Slow trends on main street and reduced construction hiring because of weather conditions chiefly responsible. Farm labor demand now starting to show good advances.

LIBBY — Heavy surplus of workers in area attracted by Libby Dam and related projects. Construction trends slow because of poor weather. Big upswing in demand for lumber, construction, trade, and service workers expected next few months. No farm labor demand.

### NINE YEARS OF MONTANA INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT TOTALS BY MONTHS (in Thousands)

	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Aver.
1956	156.6	154.4	156.3	163.0	169.3	177.4	177.4	179.8	177.2	174.6	170.4	166.7	168.6
1957	156.8	155.0	156.8	161.3	166.0	172.0	174.2	174.2	170.8	167.4	163.2	159.9	164.8
1958	153.1	150.3	150.5	156.4	162.4	167.1	170.2	172.2	170.0	168.8	165.8	162.4	162.4
1959	155.3	153.2	155.9	162.2	167.5	174.0	177.5	179.2	169.9	165.6	161.5	159.4	165.1
1960	152.7	152.5	156.1	163.5	168.4	175.8	176.9	177.7	174.8	171.6	167.5	164.5	166.8
1961	156.9	154.8	156.1	160.2	165.1	173.3	176.0	178.1	176.8	172.4	169.0	166.2	167.1
1962	158.3	158.2	159.6	166.2	172.4	180.1	180.5	181.2	178.6	176.6	175.1	173.5	171.7
1963	163.9	163.0	165.0	170.2	175.1	181.0	182.3	183.8	181.5	179.7	176.6	173.6	174.6
1964	166.2	164.3	165.1	169.1	174.2	182.4	185.5	187.2	184.9	182.2	178.4	175.4	176.2
1965	167.9	167.4	168.9	174.4	179.8	188.7	189.6	192.1	189.9	188.1	185.3	183.6	181.3
1966	173.9	172.6	174.2	179.3	184.2	194.0	196.4	196.2	191.9	189.8	185.5	185.9	185.4
1967	180.4	178.2	178.1*										

<sup>·</sup> Preliminary Estimate-

LIVINGSTON, Big Timber -- Present trends point to good employment activity in construction, trade, and service indus-tries this summer. Some hiring now in progress for staffing facilities at Yellowstone Park. Reduced logging opera-tions caused some mill layoffs.

MILES CITY, Baker, Ekalaka, Broadus, Jordan, Terry — Except for fairly good trends in trade hiring, activity in other groups at slow pace. Work continues on some building projects but two highway projects wait for better weather. Farm and ranch operations behind normal schedules.

MISSOULA, Drummond, Arlee, Sumissoula, prummond, Arie, Surierior — Employment declines most evident in logging and service industries. Fairly good seasonal job trends hold in other groups. End of spring break-up period in logging, start of tourist season, and more construction activity promises good summer work season ahead.

POLSON — Logging operations still at low ebb but most mills continue on fairly active production schedules with some hiring. Work at potato cellars below par due to slow market. Main street hiring shows some improvement. hiring shows some improvement. Farm labor demand at low ebb.

SHELBY - Most labor demand during the month was in agriculture where sheep tagging and shearing operations were underway. Demand will now increase for calving, lambing, and field work. Normal seasonal trends in other industries with little hiring.

SIDNEY — Snow and cold weather held back hiring in many industries during the month. New unemployment up sharply from last month. Sugar beet refining operations completed for season with heavy worker layoffs. Construction projects totaling \$2½ million will be active this summer. Shortages of farm labor expected during summer months.

THOMPSON FALLS, Hot Springs THOMPSON FALLS, Hot Springs—Little change expected in labor market conditions until May when weather improves. Seasonal recall of forest service workers and some recall of idled loggers should be in evidence early in May. Normal seasonal trends in trade and service with little new activity. Farm labor demand at standstill demand at standstill.

WOLF POINT, Plentywood, Scobey -Grip of winter slowly easing on construction and other outdoor endeavors but still restricts labor demand. A few hires for building projects noted. Work starting on \$85,000 county library. Oil fields slow with average of 5 rigs in operation. Grain farm work 3 weeks behind last vear.

- (1) Estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Proprietors, firm members, personnel of the armed forces, domestic servants, and self-employed persons are excluded.
- (2) Preliminary estimates hased on return from samples of 798 selected Montana establishments.
- (3) Figures previously released have been revised on return from 1,194 such establishments.
- (4) Includes fabricated metal products, machin-ery except electrical, furniture, stone and clay products.

### ESTIMATED EMPLOYMENT IN NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES IN MONTANA (1)

(Compiled in co-operation with United States Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	EM	PLOYMEN	T	Net C	lange
INDUSTRY	Mar. 1967 (2)	Feb. 1967 (3)	Mar. 1966	Feb. '67 to Mar. '67	Mar. '66 Against Mar. '67
NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES _	178,100	178,200	174,200	100	3,900
Manufacturing	23,000	23,600	21,400	600	1,600
Durable goods	15,400	15,400	13,900	00	1,500
Lumber and timber products	8,900		8,400		500
Primary metalsOther (4)	4,300 2,200	4,300 2,200	3,700 1,800		600 400
Nondurable goods	7,600		7,500	<b>—600</b>	100
Food and kindred products	3,800	4,400	3,800		00
Printing and publishing	1,800 1,000	1,800 1,000	1,700 1,000		100 00
Petroleum refiningOther (5)	1,000	1,000	1,000		00
Mining	7,100	7,200	7,600		
Metal mining Coal, quarrying and nonmetallic	4,900	4,900 900	4,900 1,000		
Petroleum-natural gas production	1,300	1,400	1,700		-400
Contract Construction	7,000	7,200	8,000		-1,000
Contractors, building construction	1,900 2,400	2,100 2,400	2,400 2,000		500 400
Contractors, special trade	2,700	2,700	3,600		900
Transportation and utilities	16,700	16,600	17,000		300 100
Interstate railroads Transportation except railroads	7,100 3,700	7,000 3,700	7,200 3,900		
Utilities including communication	5,900	5,900	5,900		
Trade Wholesale trade	41, <b>900</b> 8,900	41,500 9,000	41,500 8,700		400 200
Retail trade	33,000	32,500	32,800		200
General merchandise and apparel Food stores	6,000	6,000	5,900		100 400
Eating and drinking establishments	4,900 8,600	4,800 8,200	5,300 8,200		400
Automotive and filling stations	6,800	6,800	6,900 6,500	00	100 200
Finance, insurance and real estate	6,700 7,200	6,700 7,200	7,000	1	200
Services and miscellaneous	25,800	25,500	25,800		00
Hotels, rooming houses, camps, etc Personal services	3,000	2,800	3,000		00
Other (6)	2,200 20,600	2,200 20,500	2,200 20,600	100	00
Government	49,400		45,900	00	3,500
FederalState and local	13,100 36,300	13,100 36,300	11,200 34,700	00	1,900 1,600
Great Falls Area (Cascade County)	23,600	23,500	22,200	100	1,400
ManufacturingContract construction	3,900	3,900	3,400	00	500 300
Transportation and utilities	2,100 2,000	2,100 2,000	1,800 2,100	00	-100
Trade, wholesale and retail	6,000	5,900	5,600	100	400 00
Services and miscellaneous (7)	1,300 3,700	1,300 3,700	1,300 3,700	00	00
Government	4,600	4,600	4,300	00	300
Billings Area (Yellowstone County) Manufacturing	25,400	25,600 3,100	24,300 2,700	200 300	1,100 100
Contract construction	2,800 1,600	1,600	1,300	00	300
Transportation and Utilities	2,500	2,500	2,500	00	00 100
Trade, wholesale and retail Finance, Insurance, Real Estate	7,800 1,400	7,800 1,400	7,700 1,400	00	00
Services and Miscellaneoua (7)	5,100	5,000	4,600	100	500 100
dovernment	4,200	4,200	4,100		100

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes apparel, chemicals, and miscellaneous

manufacturing products.

(6) Includes commercial trade schools, auto repair services and garages, miscellaneous repair services and hand trades, motion pictures, amusements and recreation, medical

and health, law offices and professional services, non-profit membership organizations and businesses not otherwise classified.

Same as (6) above. Also includes hotels, rooming houses, camps, personal services and mining.

### COMPARISON OF BASIC LABOR MARKET ACTIVITIES IN MARCH, 1967 AND MARCH, 1966

Employment	Ne	w Job	Applica	nts	J	obseeker	e in Fi	le			J	ob Plac	ements				1967 185 1.402 294 411	ms*
Service	Mar. 1967		Mar. 1966		Mar. 1967		Mar. 1966		Mar. 1967					Mar. 1966			Wk. End 3-31	
Office	Tot.	Vet.	Tot.	Vet.	Tot.	VeL	Tot.	Vet.	Ind.	Ag.	ToL	VeL	Ind.	Ag.	Tot.	Vet.	1967	1966
naconda	154	53	159	28	227	73	261	71	110	15	125	67	100	11	111	84		15
lillings	468	180	407	102	2,484	900	2,619	934	261	107	868	120	889	98	482	201		1,39
Bozeman	186	86	193	44	614	162	481	138	81	87	118	26	120	16	186	40		25
Botte	317	93	848	106	1,029	244	1,044	261	88	19	102	87	130	16	146	67		52
ut Bank	40	10	45	6	414	149	691	177	11	101	112	26	18	88	106	26	284	25
illon	41	17	60	19	94	28	154	88	29	82	111	63	27	74	101	35	90	11:
lasgow	50	10	35	1	224	31	256	13	36	12	48	10	47	7	6.5	9	162	16
lendive	52	16	46	7	196	52	275	48	12	42	54	11	17	84	51	7	142	13
reat Falls	496	137	608	161	2,239	752	1,868	469	220	119	889	103	288	167	465	106	1,235	81
Iamilton	48	13	41	7	265	80	290	91	26	5	80	11	30	12	42	8	199	20
Iavre	31	6	68	5	238	62	255	62	33	72	105	20	44	100	144	23	207	16
lelena	185	37	226	78	578	178	402	115	72	20	92	40	93	62	146	50	490	82
Calispell	267	80	246	46	1,012	837	1,886	729	150	17	167	45	117	26	143	36	782	1,03
ewistown	44	13	61	18	198	69	261	116	23	62	85	15	40	78	118	26	166	19
** *	106	16			696	169		0.070	26		26	2		****	****	****	514	39
Abby	68	25	62	6	889	78	847	86	50	10	60	29	47	18	65	28	281	23
files City	46	9	68	16	163	48	839	104	36	18	49	6	44	33	77	25	180	16
dissoula	408	108	491	186	1,885	468	1,449	506	146	10	166	45	240	29	269	61	785	70
olson	65	12	67	20	320	105	317	103	29	8	82	14	51	21	72	13	215	21
	46	12	45	6	198	85	224	69	23	103	126	8	33	100	133	21	155	16
	74	19	97	8	288	61	301	63	20	90	110	5	82	29	61	16	176	17
idney	22	10	70	17	216	85	260	108	7		7	****	35	-	35	19	170	22
Chompson Falis	36	11	25	- 2	177	66	837	84	14	5	19	6	24	10	34	6	138	20
Wolf Point	282	9	297	14	615	26	837	62	86	1	87	8	108	1	104	4		
	3,477	931	8,753	849	18,969	4,278	14,984	4441	1,683	945	2,628	696	2,069	1,014	8,088	851	8,543	8,22

\*Includes 642 claims of the Fed. UC Program 721 same a year ago.

# AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS IN SELECTED MONTANA INDUSTRIES (Produced in co-operation with United States Bureau of Labor Statistics) (Hours and earnings data exclude administrative and salaried personnel)

	Averag	Weekly E	arnings	Average	Weekly	Hours	Average Hourly Earnings				
INDUSTRY	Mar. (1) 1967	Feb. (2) 1967	Mar. 1966	Mar. (1) 1967	Feb. (2) 1967	Mar. 1966	Mer. (1) 1967	Feb. (2) 1967	Mar. 1966		
All Manufacturing	119.59	117.39	121.55	39.6	39.0	42.8	3.02	3.01	2.84		
Durable Goods	118.40	118.70	123.20	40.0	40.1	44.8	2.96	2.96	2.75		
Primary MetalNondurable Goods	117.71 121.03	118.10 113.20	116.93 118.20	39.9 38.3	39.9 36.4	40.6 38.5	2.95 3.16	2.96 3.11	2.88 3.07		
Food and Kindred Products	109.76	99.64	101.23	39.2	36.1	38.2	2.80	2.76	2.65		
All Mining	134.96	135.62	120.89	41.4	41.6	38.5	3.26	3.26	3.14		
Metal Mining	131.13	131.13	116.87	40.1	40.1	37.7	3.27	3.27	3.10		
Transportatiou and Utilities (except Rys.) Transportation (except railroads) Utilities and Communications	NA NA 118.27	NA NA 119.69	NA NA 115.25	NA NA 38.4	NA NA 39.5	NA NA 39.2	NA NA 3.08	NA NA 3.03	NA NA 2.94		

(1) Preliminary estimates. (2) Figures previously released have been revised on more complete returns.

## UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF MONTANA

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